CHURCH SECURITY



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Top Tips

- Lock your church at night
- Store small valuable items away when not being used
- Photograph all property
- Empty the offertory box daily
- Fit an intruder alarm /CCTV
- Engage with neighbouring residents to be your ears and eyes

The design and function of a church or place of worship makes general security more complicated but there is a great deal can be done at modest expense.

Today, criminals have become specialists, often with a good knowledge of church furnishings and their value, including art or church antiques. The rise in value and the increase in demand for these items have made church property a desirable target.

This information applies to churches of all faiths.

The following top tips can be used to reduce the risk of theft from your Church or place of worship.

- Lock the building at night. Also lock your gates if possible
- Store small valuable items in a locked vestry, cupboard or safe when not in use during the week.
- Altar ware and valuables wooden or base metal substitutes should be displayed and the originals locked away. They can be returned for services and events. Valuables which are not in regular use should be deposited in the bank or kept off-site.
- Consideration should be given to discreetly chaining antique furniture and other valuables to floors or walls. This may not deter the determined thief but may be sufficient to prevent the opportunist criminal.
- Wall hangings and paintings should be secured to the walls, ideally using non return security screws. This removes the ability for offenders to just lift off or unscrew items to steal.
- Keys should be kept by a responsible person in a secure place away from the building.
- The vestry should be secured by at least two good quality locks, fitted 1/3rd up and 1/3rd down on the door, this will increase the resistance of the door to leverage. All locks should conform to BS 3621, or higher, specification. Windows should have robust bars fitted.
- All property should be photographed and an up to date inventory kept.
 This must be stored in a safe place away from the building. All photographs must have a ruler or coin in the picture to indicate size.
- The offertory box should be properly secured and emptied daily. A notice should be displayed on the box indicating this.
- Vulnerable stained glass windows can be protected externally by black powder coated stainless steel window guards.

Roof and rainwater downpipes pipes

Lead roof coverings are often the main targets for thieves.

There are many products you can consider to protect your roof covering including the following:

- Security marking with an approved DNA liquid
- Specialist roof alarm systems
- Replacement of lead with alternative materials
- Lead Security Fixings

If the lead on the church roof is marked with a forensic security product i.e. Smartwater or Selecta DNA, please mark large areas of lead and display the appropriate signage clearly and prominently. Keep signs in highly visible, well-lit areas.

Historic England are now more flexible when it comes to replacing roof coverings and will often approve a faux product that looks and ages the same but has nil scrap value. Stating this could prevent an attempt.

Lighting

The use of effective security lighting is very important, particularly for isolated buildings or vulnerable areas. Your Architectural Liaison Officer can advise on the type of lighting. The installation of dusk to dawn sensors is recommended.

External doors

All doors should be substantially made with strong hinges and effective frames.

Locks should, in all cases, be 5 lever mortice deadlocks that meet BS3621.

Cellars

Cellar entrance doors should be properly secured in a similar fashion to the main entrance door with approved five lever locks or a close coupled padlock on a hasp and staple.

Gates

Gates should be fit for purpose, easy to open and close and one hinge should be fitted upside down to prevent gates being lifted off. Engraving the Church's name on the gates can also act as a deterrent.

Intruder Alarms and CCTV

The presence of an alarm system or CCTV is very often sufficient to deter the would-be criminal even before beginning to plan the crime.

An alarm substantially reduces the time available to the criminal to commit the crime.

Alarm systems or CCTV can be designed to the requirements of individual buildings and surrounding grounds. When sourcing an alarm

then use a company that is NSI or SSAIB accredited.

National Security Inspectorate (NSI)

Security Systems and Alarm Inspection Board (SSAIB) ☑

Suspicious Activity

Any suspicious activity in or around the church should be reported to the police. For non-emergency reports use call 101 if however a crime is in progress please report using 999. For all reports relating to potential lead theft please quote Operation Einstein.

Security Checks

Regular or daily internal and external security checks should be implemented by the church warden or a nominated member of the parish. All criminal damage or attempted theft should be reported.

Self-Assessment

Please complete the following self-assessment questions to check the security of your building.

Church & Places of Worship Security Self-Assessment				
Name of Church	Date of Assessment	Y/N	Assessor	
Has any one person been designated to be responsible for security?	Consider making this a role for one of the team.			
Are fences, hedges and gates in a good state of repair?	•			
Are all external doors fitted with good quality robust locks?	Where practical and possible 5 lever mortice locks should be fitted to British Standard BS3621 or BS 8621. Fitting locks to UPVC, wooden or metal doors are a specialist field and it is recommended that specialist advice is sought from a locksmith. www.locksmiths.co.uk/			
Are opening windows fitted with locks?	Window design varies considerably and specialist advice may be required. Secured by Design standards provide good guidance. www.securedbydesign.com.			
Does your property require being lit at night? If so is it adequate?	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
Is CCTV used for vulnerable areas?	Consider installing CCTV to provide additional formal surveillance to any vulnerable areas of the property. Consideration must to be given to ensure that lighting does not adversely affect the CCTV system.			

Are all key holders recorded?	Do not leave any keys on the premises. Signage and details					
recorded:	of persons to contact in an					
	emergency should be					
	displayed					
Do you have an up to						
	of all items. Photographs are					
photographs of all						
contents?	them safe, away from the					
	property and up to date.					
Your Offertory box, is it	A notice should be displayed					
emptied daily?	to indicate this.					
Are Stained glass	Vulnerable stained glass					
windows protected?	windows can be protected					
	externally by black powder					
	coated stainless steel window					
	guards.					
What access availal	What access availability do you want to adopt					
Are any parts of your	Discuss the need for this with					
building left open when	your staff, users, or					
unattended and at night?	parishioners. Would it be					
	practical to have a key safe?					
	Could you have a mobile					
	phone contact to allow access					
	outside opening times?					
Are there adequate signs?	-					
	people of opening times or					
	how to request entry outside					
Have very sensidental a	opening times.					
Have you considered a	The Local community can be					
Watch Scheme?	your eyes and ears. Encourage					
	them to report anything suspicious to the police.					
Valuable Items	suspicious to the police.					
Valuable Items	To a constant along the					
Do you lock small	'					
valuable items in a secure	secure?					
place when not in use during the week?	Do you need to make improvements?					
during the week!	Your Architectural Liaison					
	Officer can advise.					
Are your small valuable						
items property marked?	it is visible, however covert					
and property mander	marking with a DNA solution					
	can be used for valuables.					
		•				

Are valuable personal items identified and registered on the National	Register valuable items at www.immobilise.com a national property database			
database "Immobilise"?	the police can search facility. This is a free service. Once registered the owner of a			
Artifacts	device can be verified.			
Do you display original	We recommend that you			
Artefacts?	display wooden or base metal substitutes wherever possible. Originals can always be reinstated when required.			
Antique Furniture				
Do you have antique furniture?	Consider discretely securing valuable furniture to the wall or floor. This may not deter the determined thief but it may slow them down and it will deter the opportunist thief.			
Outbuildings				
Do you have outbuild-ings?	Each building needs to be assessed individually and the level of security will depend very much on the contents.			
Metal Theft				
Does your property have lead or other metal roofing materials?	This is perhaps the most vulnerable area and desirable to thieves due to its high value.			
Is access to the roof easy and or secluded?	Look carefully at potential access points and take measure to make access more difficult.			
Has all metal been marked with DNA liquid?	Consider marking all metal with DNA liquid. Mark large areas of lead roofing			
Are roof alarms installed?	There are many types of roof alarms available and advice can be obtained from NSI or SSAIB accredited installers.			

First Principle: Related links

Ask the Police

Official Police Resource. The Ask the Police website provides you with information on a wide range of non-emergency policing matters.

askthe.police.uk

Secured by Design

Official UK Police initiative that combines the principles of 'designing out crime' with physical security.

securedbydesign.com

Sold Secure

Dedicated to reducing the risk of crime by assessment of security products. https://www.soldsecure.com/

Crimestoppers

An independent charity that gives people the power to speak up to stop crime 100% anonymously, by phone 0800 555 111 or online.

https://crimestoppers-uk.org/

Victim Support

Covering the whole of Norfolk and Suffolk, a free, confidential support service specifically designed to help victims and witnesses of any crime.

Contact us on:

Phone: 0300 303 3706 (weekdays between 8am-5pm)

Email: nsvictimcare@victimsupport.org.uk

Web: www.nsvictimcare.org

Socials: @nsvictimcare

Call us on 101. Always dial 999 in an emergency

To see the full range of information go to:

<u>suffolk.police.uk/firstprinciple</u> or <u>norfolk.police.uk/firstprinciple</u>

Or alternatively use your mobile phone to scan this QR code.

